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(c) When the Administrator makes a determination that an application for an accommodation or subordination will not be approved the Administrator shall set forth the reasons therefor in writing and furnish such determination and reasons to the borrower within 30 days of the determination.

§§ 1744.51—1744.59 [Reserved]

Subpart C—Advance and Disbursement of Funds

SOURCE: 54 FR 12186, Mar. 24, 1989, unless otherwise noted. Redesignated at 55 FR 39396, Sept. 27, 1990.

§1744.60 General.

- (a) The standard loan documents (as defined in 7 CFR part 1758) contain provisions regarding advances and disbursements of loan funds by telephone borrowers. This part implements certain of the provisions by setting forth requirements and procedures to be followed by borrowers in obtaining advances and making disbursements of loan and nonloan funds.
- (b) This part supersedes any sections of RUS Bulletins with which it is in conflict.

§1744.61 [Reserved]

§1744.62 Introduction.

RUS is under no obligation to make or approve advances of loan funds unless the borrower is in compliance with all terms and conditions of the loan documents. The borrower shall use funds in its construction fund only to make disbursements approved by RUS.

§1744.63 The telephone loan budget.

When the loan is made, RUS provides the borrower a Telephone Loan Budget, RUS Form 493. This budget divides the loan into budget accounts such as "Engineering." When a contract or other document is approved by RUS, funds are encumbered from the appropriate budget account. See 7 CFR part 1753.

§1744.64 Budget adjustment.

(a) If more funds are required than are available in a budget account, the borrower may request RUS's approval of a budget adjustment to use funds

from another account. The request shall include an explanation of the change, the budget account to be used, and a description of how the adjustment will affect loan purposes. RUS will not approve a budget adjustment that affects other loan purposes unless the borrower satisfies RUS that the additional funds are available from another source, requests a deficiency loan, or scales back the project.

(b) RUS may make a budget adjustment without a formal request by the borrower when a budget account is insufficient to encumber funds for a contract that otherwise would be approved by RUS. See 7 CFR part 1753.

§1744.65 The construction fund.

- (a) The construction fund is used by the borrower primarily to hold advances until disbursed.
- (b) All advances shall be deposited in the construction fund.
- (c) RUS may require that other funds be deposited in the construction fund. These may include equity or general fund contributions to construction, service termination payments, proceeds from the sale of property, amounts recovered from insurance for losses during the construction period, and interest received on loan funds in savings or interest bearing checking accounts, and similar receipts. Deposit slips for any deposit to the construction fund shall show the source and amount of funds deposited and be executed by an authorized representative of the bank.
- (d) Funds shall be disbursed only up to the amount approved for advance on the FRS as described in §1744.66. No funds may be withdrawn from the fund except for loan purposes approved by RUS.
- (e) The disbursement of nonloan funds requires the same RUS approvals as loan funds.
- (f) Disbursements must be evidenced by canceled checks. The invoices and supporting documentation needed for construction contracts are specified in the contracts and in 7 CFR part 1753. Disbursements to reimburse the borrower's general funds shall be documented by a reimbursement schedule, to be retained in the borrower's files, that